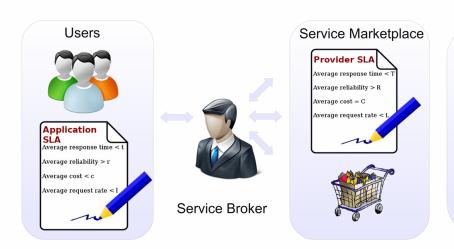
Improving SOA Applications Response Time with Service Overload Detection

Valeria Cardellini, Stefano Iannucci

{cardellini, iannucci}@ing.uniroma2.it

Department of Civil Engineering and Computer Science Engineering University of Rome "Tor Vergata", Italy



Introduction

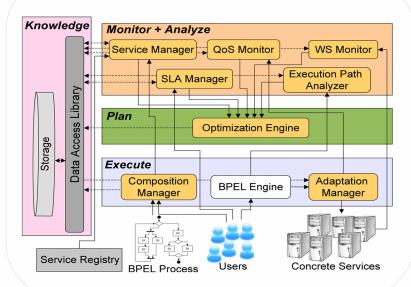
- SOA applications are usually built by assembling third-party
- software services.

 Each service can be characterized by a Service Level Agreement (SLA) stating its Quality of Service (QoS)
- SLA violations could occur, therefore a monitoring policy is
- MOSES [1] (MOdel-based SElf adaptation of SOA systems):
 QoS-driven runtime adaptation framework for serviceoriented systems

 - > It stipulates SLA with third-party services;
 - It stipulates SLA with users;
 - It provides a composite service with QoS quarantees.

In this poster we present a monitoring system capable of detecting service state changes through an online adaptive Cumulative sum (Cusum) detector implemented into MOSEs, showing a 26% improvement of the SOA application response time.

MOSES Architecture



Adaptive Cumulative sum (Cusum) State Change Detector

Response time is estimated using an EWMA filter:

$$\mu_i = \alpha y_i + (1 - \alpha) \mu_{i-1}$$

where y_i is the *i-th* collected response time sample To detect state changes, Cusum [2] uses:

- two accumulators g_i^+ , g_i^-
- a threshold H*

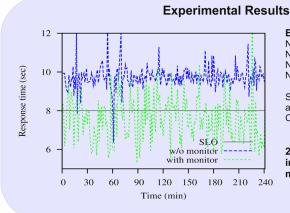
$$g_i^+ = \max\{0, g_{i-1}^+ + y_i - (\mu_i + K^+)\}\$$

$$g_i^- = \max\{0, g_{i-1}^- + (\mu_i - K^-) - y_i\}\$$

where K^+ (K^-) is the smallest shift we want to detect on the leading (trailing) edge.

Whenever g_i^+ or g_i^- exceeds H^* a new state is detected and a new optimal service selection strategy is computed using the predicted average

$$\mu_i = \begin{cases} \mu_{i-1} + K + g_i^+ / N^+ & \text{if } g_i^+ > H^* \\ \mu_{i-1} - K - g_i^- / N^- & \text{if } g_i^- > H^* \end{cases}$$



Experimental setup

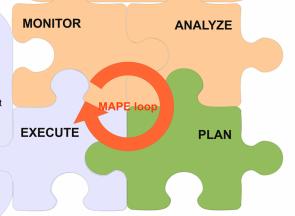
Node 1) Execute + Monitor

Node 3) Analyze and Marketplace

Node 4) Client

Services in marketplace implement a M/D/m/PS queue to simulate

26% response time improvement using monitoring and analysis



REFERENCES
[1] V. Cardellini, E. Casalicchio, V. Grassi, S. Iannucci, F. Lo Presti, and R. Mirandola
MOSES: a framework for QoS driven runtime adaptation of service-oriented systems.
IEEE Trans. Softw. Eng., 2012. to appear

[2] S. Casolari, S. Tosi, and F. Lo Presti. An adaptive model for online detection of relevant state changes in internet-based systems. *Perform. Eval.*, 69(5), 2012.